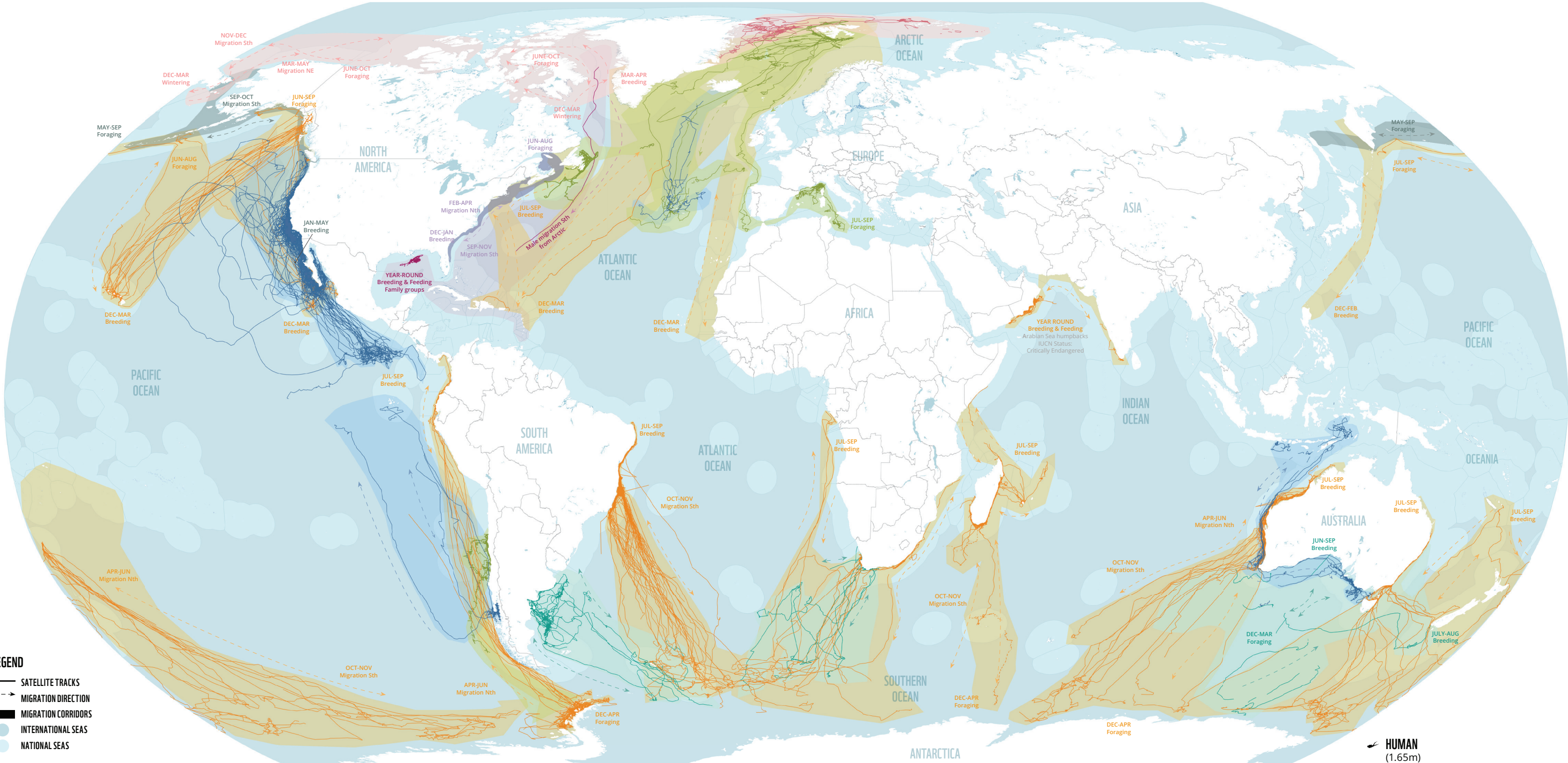


WHALE SUPERHIGHWAYS

For the first time, we present a global view of blue corridors for whales, combining satellite tracking data from over 845 tags from 50 researchers. They help uncover the migration patterns of whales and their critical habitats.



FIN WHALES
(*Balaenoptera physalus*)
IUCN Status: Vulnerable
Length: 17-20m
Population: ~100,000



BOWHEAD WHALES
(*Balaena mysticetus*)
IUCN Status: Least concern
Length: 13-15m
Population: ~10,000



GRAY WHALES
(*Eschrichtius robustus*)
IUCN Status: Least concern
Length: 12-14m
Population: ~27,000



NORTH ATLANTIC RIGHT WHALES
(*Eubalaena glacialis*)
IUCN Status: Critically Endangered
Length: 13-16m
Population: ~350

Whale illustrations
© Uko Gorter



HUMPBACK WHALES
(*Megaptera novaeangliae*)
IUCN Status: Least concern
Length: 13-16m
Population: ~84,000



SOUTHERN RIGHT WHALES
(*Eubalaena australis*)
IUCN Status: Least concern
Length: 15-18m
Population: ~13,600



SPERM WHALES
(*Macrocephalus physeter*)
IUCN Status: Vulnerable
Length: 11-20m
Population: ~350,000



BLUE WHALES
(*Balaenoptera musculus*)
IUCN Status: Endangered
Length: 24-26m
Population: ~5,000-15,000

- WWF
- Oregon State University
- UC SANTA CRUZ
- UNIVERSITY OF Southampton
- Wildlife Conservation Society
- MARINE ECOLOGY AND TELEMETRY RESEARCH
- INSTITUTO DE CONSERVACIÓN DE BALLENAS
- INSTITUTO AGUILA
- CONICET
- GLOBICE REUNION
- AFRICAN AQUATIC CONSERVATION FUND
- Ceta moda
- NeuroPSI PARIS-SACLAY INSTITUTE OF NEUROSCIENCE
- FUTURE SEAS GLOBAL SPC

REFERENCES:
WWFwhales.org/references